105TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

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S. 262

To amend title 18, United States Code, to provide for the prospective application of certain prohibitions relating to firearms.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

February 4, 1997

Mr. Wellstone introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To amend title 18, United States Code, to provide for the prospective application of certain prohibitions relating to firearms.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. PROSPECTIVE APPLICATION OF THE DOMES
TIC VIOLENCE MISDEMEANOR CONVICTION

FIREARMS PROHIBITION.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Spouses, ex-spouses, and current and

former boyfriends commit over 1,000,000 violent

- crimes against women each year, including assault,
 rape, and murder.
 - (2) Approximately 28 percent of all women murdered in the United States each year are killed by current or former husbands or boyfriends.
 - (3) Weapons are used in 30 percent of domestic violence incidents.
 - (4) Domestic violence calls are one of the largest categories of calls to police each year, and, in some locations, up to one-third of all police time is spent responding to domestic calls.
 - (5) Studies show that police are more likely to respond to a reported incident within 5 minutes if the offender is a stranger to the victim and that, police are more likely to take a formal report with respect to an incident in which the offender is a stranger to the victim.
 - (6) Studies show that only approximately 10 percent of spouses who are abused ever call the police, in spite of the fact that conjugal assaults account for 12 percent of all assaults that result in serious injury, 16 percent of all assaults requiring medical care, and 18 percent of assaults that result in the loss of at least a full day of work.

- 1 (7) Data compilation suggests that injuries in 2 all domestic assaults are at least as severe as those 3 suffered in 90 percent of violent felonies, although 4 the overwhelming number of domestic violence inju-5 ries are considered to be only misdemeanors in most 6 States.
 - (8) In the 104th Congress, Congress amended the Federal law that regulates the lawful transfer and possession of firearms and ammunition to provide that an individual's conviction of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence will prohibit the individual from possessing any firearm or ammunition and will prohibit others from licensing or transferring a firearm or ammunition to that person.
 - (9) The term "misdemeanor crime of domestic violence" is defined in Federal law as a Federal or State misdemeanor crime that "has, as an element, the use or attempted use of physical force, or the threatened use of a deadly weapon, committed by a current or former spouse, parent, or guardian of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabiting with or has cohabited with the victim as a spouse, parent, or guardian, or by a person similarly situated to a spouse, parent, or guardian of the victim".

- 1 (10) For purposes of Federal law, to be consid-2 ered to be convicted of a misdemeanor crime of do-3 mestic violence, a person must—
 - (A) have been represented by counsel or knowingly waived representation; and
 - (B) have been tried by a jury or knowingly waived trial by a guilty plea or otherwise if entitled to a jury trial for the offense at issue.
 - (11) There are exceptions to the new Federal law that may apply to an individual determined to have been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence, if "the conviction has been expunged or set aside, or is an offense for which the person has been pardoned or has had civil rights restored (if the law of the applicable provision provides for the loss of civil rights under such an offense) unless the pardon, expungement, or restoration of civil rights expressly provides that the person may not ship, transport, possess, or receive firearms".
 - (12) Congress clearly intended for this Federal law to apply to peace officers. The general exception to the law for firearms and ammunition that are issued for the use of "the United States or any department or agency thereof or any State or any department, agency, or political subdivision thereof,"

- does not apply to individuals convicted of a mis-
- 2 demeanor crime of domestic violence.
- 3 (b) Unlawful Acts.—Subsections (d)(9), (g)(9),
- 4 and (s)(3)(B)(i) of section 922 of title 18, United States
- 5 Code, are each amended by inserting ", on or after Sep-
- 6 tember 30, 1996," before "of a misdemeanor".
- 7 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 8 this section shall take effect as if included in the amend-
- 9 ments made by the first section designated as section 658
- 10 of Public Law 104–208.

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